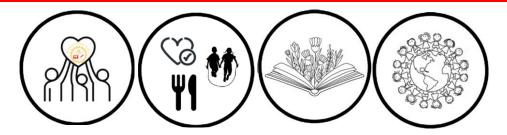


Progression Map Physical Education







3 l's: Intent, Implementation, Impact

Intent

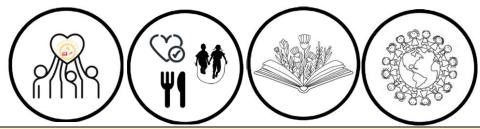
At Northfield Primary School, we strive to create a culture which aims to inspire an active generation to enjoy PE, encourage each other and achieve their best. School provides a safe and supportive environment for children to flourish in a range of different physical activities, essential to support pupils' physical, emotional, social and moral development.

By offering a dynamic, varied and stimulating program of activity, ensuring that all pupils progress physically through a well-designed and fully inclusive PE curriculum is our intended PE curriculum. Aiming to promote physical activity and healthy lifestyles links well to our curriculum drivers based on 'One Community' and to 'Be Healthy'. Threads which run through these drivers for Physical Education include respect and tolerance, belonging, a healthy lifestyle and mental well-being as pupils experience a range of sport. The PE curriculum intent is to educate minds, develop healthy bodies and promote positive attitudes towards a lifetime of physical activity, fitness and sports skills, in line with the Life-Long Learning key curriculum driver. Leaders ensure inclusivity and accessibility are prioritised as school has a high percentage of disadvantaged pupils and has pupils with SEND in PE lessons, supplemented by enrichment and extra-curricular activities.

Implementation

- As a school, the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) and Years 1 to 6 follow the National Curriculum using the Get Set 4 PE scheme as shown in the PE progression plan document. Get Set 4 PE focuses on personal challenge, following instructions and exploring movements in the early stages to developing skills in a sport specific context and refining tactics and gameplay in KS2. Get Set 4 PE is fully inclusive, allowing all children to take part at their own level.
- PE is taught weekly. Two lessons per week. Lessons are planned to be sequential and build on prior knowledge and skills. Outside providers are used in some PE Lessons.
- As with all teaching and learning at Northfield Primary, PE lessons will take into consideration the needs of all pupils including the disadvantaged pupils, SEND pupils and EAL pupils.
- Key knowledge and vocabulary is evident within lessons.
- · By embedding disciplinary and substantive learning, children will be able to formulate their own sporting attributes.
- Pupils are assessed using the Get Set 4 PE assessment resources.
- Teaching will be supported with quality resources and experiences, such as sport competitions and / or festivals alongside encouraging visitors to come into the school and talk about sport and its benefits.
- In addition to lessons, lunch time activities are provided by an out of school provider; Year 5 Sports Leaders provide activities for children at lunchtime too.
- Every child has an opportunity to join one of the after-school clubs and lunch time clubs provided throughout the year.
- Annually the whole school from F2 Y6 participates in a whole-school ramble to encourage leading active, healthy lives and to raise awareness of Children in Need (BBC Countryfile ramble links)
- Daily movement breaks are planned enabling pupils to have an active break between afternoon lessons which encourages daily physical activity leading to healthy, active lives.
- An annual school sports week includes sport's day building community. This involves pupils' experiencing different sports such as boxercise, wheelchair basketball and dance. It includes 'smashing stereotypes' by learning about inspirational figures in sport.





Impact

Staff will be confident and competent when teaching PE, using a variety of well-kept resources, which will encourage pupils to enjoy, practise and value 'to be healthy,' in body and in mind. Implementing the physical side of PE in tandem with the values in sport e.g. respect, co-operation and fairness, this curriculum area will enable learners to reflect upon and appreciate the impact PE has on learning, development and well-being. Regular discussions between staff and pupils in relation to attitudes and participation in sport help pupils embed and understand their importance in life – as individuals and as members of a team.

Pupils will relish the opportunity to engage in physical activity at various times in the school day and do so safely, confidently and competently.

Through assessing pupils and recording using Get Set4 PE knowledge and skills are evidenced, showing progress for all learners, along with pupil voice and observing learning. Monitoring supports the identification of issues which may arise so that provision can be modified, ensuring pupils receive effective and engaging provision.





National Curriculum

National Curriculum Aims

The National Curriculum for PE aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities.
- are physically active for sustained periods of time.
- engage in competitive sports and activities.
- lead healthy, active lives.

Key Stage 1

Pupils should be taught to:

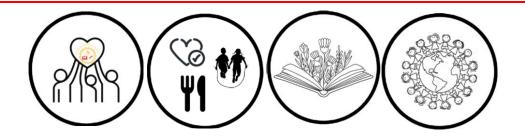
- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination and begin to apply these in a range of activities.
- participate in team games developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.
- perform dances using simple movement patterns.

Key Stage 2

Pupils should be taught to:

- use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.
- play competitive games modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance (for example, through athletics and gymnastics).
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns.
- take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.
- swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres.
- use a range of stroke effectively (for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke).
- perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.





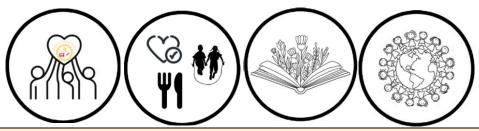
Physical Education (PE) Curriculum Map						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	Gymnastics	Fundamentals	Target Games	Ball Skills	Athletics	Dance
			Forest S	School		
Year 2	Fundamentals	Gymnastics	Dance	Target	Athletics	Ball Skills
		Team Building	Fitness	Games		
Year 3	Dance	Fundamentals	Gymnastics	Football	Athletics	<mark>Cricket</mark>
	Dodgeball					
Year 4	Gymnastics	Dodgeball	Tag Rugby	Dance	Rounders Programme	Athletics
				Fitness		
Year 5	Dance	Dodgeball	Gymnastics	Swimming	Swimming	Athletics
	Fitness			Cricket	Cricket	
Year 6	Dodgeball	Athletics	Football	Gymnastics	Dance	Rounders
				OAA	Fitness	

Premier Sport

Royal Ballet

Dance Coach





EYFS Progression Map PE

Physical Development: Educational Programme

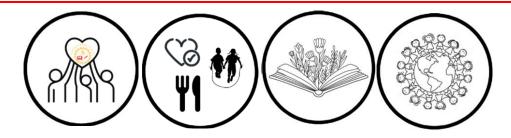
Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Physical Development: Gross Motor Skills

ELG: Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others, demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing, move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping, and climbing.

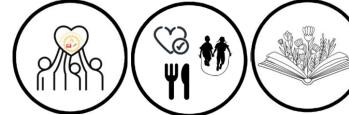
Baseline	End of Autumn	End of Spring	End of Reception (ELG's)	Year 1 National
				Curriculum
I am increasingly able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm. I can skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.	I can move freely and confidently in a range of ways such as slithering shuffling, sliding, rolling, walking, crawling, jumping and running.	I can combine different movements with ease and fluency. I am progressing towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.	I can move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.	I can master basic movements including running and jumping, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities (PE). I can perform dances using simple movement patterns (PE).
I can travel around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment.	I can travel with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment.	I can confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outdoors, alone and in a group.	I can negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for myself and others.	I can develop balance, agility and co- ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities (PE).
I can use my core muscle strength to sit at table or on the floor for a short period of time.	I can use my core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or on the floor.	I am developing overall body strength, balance, agility and co-ordination	I can demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.	I will develop the overall body strength, co- ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education (PE).
I am continuing to develop my movement, balancing, riding (scooters and bikes) and ball skills.	I can show increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it.	I have further developed and refined a range of ball skills including, throwing catching, kicking, passing, batting and aiming.	I have developed confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging with activities that involve a ball.	I can master basic movements including throwing and catching as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities (PE). I can participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending (PE).





Topic	Lesson sequence	Substantive knowledge	Disciplinary knowledge	Key vocabulary
		Year 1		
Gymnastics	1) To explore travelling movements.	Shapes: understand that I	Shapes: explore basic	action
	2) To develop and combine travelling	can improve my shapes by	shapes straight, tuck,	control
	movements.	extending parts of my body.	straddle, pike.	direction
	3) To develop quality when performing	Balances: know that	Balances: perform	level
	and linking shapes.	balances should be held for 5	balances making my body	speed
	4) To develop quality when linking	seconds.	tense, stretched and	
	shapes.	Rolls: know that I can use	curled.	
	5) To develop stability and control	different shapes to roll.	Rolls: explore barrel,	
	when performing balances.	Jumps: know that landing on	straight and forward roll	
	6) To develop stability and control	the balls of my feet helps me	progressions.	
	when performing balances.	to land with control.	Jumps: explore shape	
		Strategy : know that if I use a	jumps including jumping	
		starting and finishing	off low apparatus.	
		position, people will know		
		when my sequence		
		has begun and when it has		
		ended.		





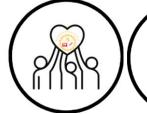
					I
	Fundamentals	1) To explore balance, stability and	Running: understand that	Running: explore changing	jog
		landing safely.	bending my knees will help	direction and dodging.	skip
		2) To explore how the body moves	me to change direction.	Discover how the body	swing
		differently when running at different	Understand that if I swing my	moves at different speeds.	ready position
		speeds.	arms it will help me to run	Balancing: move with	dodge
		3) To explore changing direction and	faster.	some control and balance.	
		dodging.	Balancing: know that looking	Explore stability and	
		4) To explore jumping, hopping and	ahead will help me to	landing safely.	
		skipping actions.	balance. Know that landing	Jumping: demonstrate	
		5) To explore co-ordination and	on my feet helps me to	control in take off and	
		combination jumps.	balance.	landing when jumping.	
		6) To explore combination jumping and	Jumping: know that landing	Hopping: begin to explore	
		skipping in an individual rope.	on the balls of my feet helps	hopping in different	
			me to land with control.	directions.	
			Hopping: know that I should	Skipping: show co-	
			hop with a soft bent knee.	ordination when turning a	
			Skipping : know that I should	rope. Use rhythm to jump	
			use the opposite arm to leg	continuously in a French	
7			when I skip. Know that	rope.	
ημ			jumping on the balls of my		
Autumn			feet helps me to keep a		
Ar			consistent rhythm.		





	Target Games	1) To develop underarm throwing	Throwing: know which type	Throwing overarm:	distance
		towards a target.	of throw to use for distance	explore technique when	overarm
		2) To develop throwing for accuracy.	and accuracy. Know	throwing overarm towards	underarm
		3) To develop underarm and overarm	that my body position will	a target.	swing
		throwing at a target.	affect the accuracy of my	Throwing underarm:	balance
		4) To develop throwing for accuracy	throw.	explore technique when	further
		and distance using underarm and	Tactics: know that tactics can	throwing underarm	
		overarm.	help us when playing games.	towards a target.	
		5) To select the correct throw for the	Rules: know that rules help		
1g 1		target.	us to play fairly.		
Spring		6) To develop throwing for accuracy			
Ş		and distance.			
	Ball Skills	1) To develop dribbling a ball with your	Sending: know to face my	Sending: roll and throw	Ready position
		hands.	body towards my target	with some accuracy	soft swing track
		2) To explore accuracy when rolling a	when rolling and throwing	towards a target.	underarm control
		ball.	underarm to help me to	Catching: begin to catch	
		3) To explore throwing with accuracy	balance.	with two hands. Catch	
		towards a target.	Catching: know to watch the	after a bounce. Tracking:	
		4) To explore catching with two hands.	ball as it comes towards me.	track a ball being sent	
		5) To explore dribbling a ball with your	Tracking: know to move my	directly.	
		feet.	feet to get in the line with	Dribbling: explore	
5		6) To explore tracking a ball that is	the ball. Dribbling : know that	dribbling with hands and	
ng		coming towards me.	moving with a ball is called	feet.	
Spring			dribbling.		
S					











	Athletics	1) To move at different speeds	Running: understand	Running: explore	Walk
		over varying distances.	that if I swing my arms it	running at different	Time
		2) To develop balance.	will help me to run	speeds.	Quickly
		3) To develop changing direction	faster.	Jumping: develop	Leap
		quickly.	Jumping: know that	balance whilst jumping	Underarm
		4) To explore hopping, jumping	landing on the balls of	and landing. Explore	Overarm
		and leaping for distance.	my feet helps me to land	hopping, jumping and	Further
		5) To develop throwing for	with control. Understand	leaping for distance.	Control
		distance.	that if I bend my knees it	Throwing: explore	
		6) To develop throwing for	will help me to jump	throwing for distance	
		accuracy.	further.	and accuracy.	
			Throwing: know that		
			stepping forward with		
			my opposite foot to hand		
Η			will help me to throw		
l l			further.		
Summer			Rules: know that rules		
Su			help us to play fairly.		





	D	4) THEN AS NAME OF THE PARTY OF	A strain and a strain district	A.i.	Dalassa
	Dance	1) THEME: Weather	Actions: understand that	Actions: copy, remember	Balance
		To use counts of 8 to move in time and	actions can be sequenced to	and repeat actions to	Beat
		make my dance look interesting.	create a dance.	represent a theme. Create	Сору
		2) THEME: Weather	Dynamics : understand that I	my own actions in relation	Fast
		To explore pathways in my dance.	can create fast and slow	to a	Level
		3) THEME: Weather	actions to show an idea.	theme.	Pathway
		To create my own dance using, actions,	Space : understand that there	Dynamics : explore varying	Pose
		pathways and counts.	are different directions and	speeds to represent an	Timing
		4) THEME: Pirates	pathways within space.	idea.	
		To explore speeds and actions in our	Relationships: understand	Space : explore pathways	
		pirate inspired dance.	that when dancing with a	within my performance.	
		5) THEME: Pirates	partner it is important to be	Relationships: begin to	
		To copy, remember and repeat actions	aware of each other and	explore actions and	
		that represent the theme.	keep in time.	pathways with a partner.	
		6) THEME: Pirates	Performance: know that	Performance: perform on	
		To copy, repeat, create and perform	standing still at the start and	my own and with others to	
		actions that represent the theme.	at the end of the dance lets	an audience.	
		·	the audience know when I		
			have started and when I have		
			finished.		
			Strategy: know that if I use		
			exaggerated actions, it helps		
			the audience to see them		
2			clearly.		
			Clearry.		
Summer					
l					
,					





Year	2
------	---

		Year 2		
Fundamentals	1) To explore how the body moves	Running: know that putting	Running: demonstrate	weight
	when running at different speeds.	weight into the front of my	balance when changing	take off
	2) To develop changing direction and	feet helps me to stop in a	direction. Clearly show	hurdle
	dodging.	balanced position. Know	different speeds when	speed
	3) To develop balance, stability and	that running on the balls of	running.	sprint
	landing safely.	my feet, taking big steps and	Balancing: demonstrate	
	4) To explore and develop jumping,	having elbows bent will help	balance when performing	
	hopping and skipping actions.	me to run faster.	movements.	
	5) To develop co-ordination and	Balancing: understand that	Jumping: demonstrate	
	combining jumps.	squeezing my muscles helps	jumping for distance,	
	6) To develop combination jumping and	me to balance.	height and in different	
	skipping in an individual rope.	Jumping: know that swinging	directions.	
		my arms forwards will help	Hopping: demonstrate	
		me to jump further.	hopping for distance,	
		Hopping: know that if I look	height and in different	
		straight ahead it will stop me	directions.	
		falling over when I land.	Skipping: explore single	
		Skipping : know that I should	and double bounce when	
		swing opposite arm to leg to	jumping in a rope.	
		help me balance when		
		skipping without a rope.		





	Gymnastics	1) To perform gymnastic shapes	Shapes : know that some	Shapes: explore using	link pathway
		and link them together.	shapes link well together.	shapes in different	pike sequence
		2) To perform gymnastics shapes	Balances: understand	gymnastic balances.	straddle tuck
		with control and link them	that squeezing my	Balances: remember,	
		together.	muscles helps me to	repeat and link	
		3) To use shapes to create	balance.	combinations of	
		balances.	Rolls: understand that	gymnastic balances.	
		4) To use shapes to create	there are different	Rolls: explore barrel,	
		balances.	teaching points for	straight and forward	
		5) To link travelling actions and	different rolls.	roll and put into	
		balances using apparatus.	Jumps: understand that	sequence work.	
		6) To develop travelling actions	looking forward will help	Jumps: explore shape	
		and balances using apparatus.	me to land with control.	jumps and take off	
			Strategy: know that if I	combinations.	
Jn 2			use shapes that link well		
Autumn			together it will help my		
Au			sequence to flow.		





	Dance	1) THEME: Secret Garden	Actions: know that	Actions: accurately	dynamics
		To remember, repeat and link actions	sequencing actions in a	remember, repeat and link	expression
		to tell the story of my dance.	particular order will help me	actions to express an idea.	matching
		2) THEME: Secret Garden	to tell the story of my dance.	Dynamics: develop an	mirroring
		To develop an understanding of	Dynamics : understand that I	understanding of	perform
		dynamics and how they can show an	can change the way I perform	dynamics.	speed
		idea.	actions to show an idea.	Space : develop the use of	unison
		3) THEME: Secret Garden	Space: know that I can use	pathways and travelling	create
		Use counts of 8 to help you stay in time	different directions,	actions to include levels.	
		with the music.	pathways and levels in my	Relationships: explore	
		4) THEME: The Circus	dance.	working with a partner	
		To copy, remember and repeat actions	Relationships: know that	using unison, matching	
		using facial expressions to show	using counts of 8 will help	and mirroring.	
		different characters.	me to stay in time with my	Performance: develop the	
		5) THEME: The Circus	partner and the music.	use of facial expressions in	
		To explore pathways and levels.	Performance: know that	my performance.	
		6) THEME: The Circus	using facial expressions helps		
		To remember and rehearse our circus	to show the mood of my		
		dance showing expression and	dance.		
g 1		character.	Strategy: know that if I		
Spring			practice my dance my		
Sp			performance will improve.		





	T	1\ T	Thursday has a base		
	Target	1) To consider how much power	Throwing: know that	Throwing overarm:	accurate
	Games	to apply when aiming at a target.	stepping with opposite	develop co-ordination	opponent
		2) To understand how to score	foot to throwing arm will	and technique when	release
		using overarm and underarm	help you to balance.	throwing overarm	strike
		throwing.	Know that moving my	towards a target.	teammate
		3) To develop striking to a target.	arm quicker will give me	Throwing underarm:	ahead
		4) To develop hitting a moving	more power.	develop co-ordination	
		target.	Striking: know to finish	and technique when	
		5) To select and apply the	with my object/hand	throwing	
		appropriate skill to the target	pointing at my target.	underarm towards a	
		game.	Tactics: understand and	target.	
		6) To show an improvement in my	apply simple tactics.	Striking: develop	
g 2		personal best.	Rules: know how to	striking a ball with	
Spring			score points and follow	equipment with some	
S			simple rules.	consistency.	





Athletics	1) To develop the sprinting action.	Running: know that	Running: develop the	Distance
	2) To develop jumping for	running on the balls of	sprinting action.	Sprint
	distance.	my feet, taking big steps	Jumping: develop	Height
	3) To develop technique when	and having elbows bent	jumping, hopping and	Landing
	jumping for height.	will help me to run	skipping actions.	Far
	4) To develop throwing for	faster.	Explore safely jumping	Aim
	distance.	Jumping: know that	for distance and	Take off
	5) To develop throwing for	swinging my arms	height.	
	accuracy.	forwards will help me to	Throwing: develop	
	6) To select and apply knowledge	jump further.	overarm throwing for	
	and technique in an athletics	Throwing: know that I	distance.	
	carousel.	can throw in a straight		
		line by pointing my		
		throwing hand at my		
		target as I let go of the		
		object.		
		Rules: know how to		
		follow simple rules when		
		working with others.		





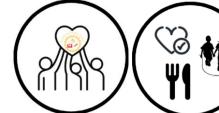
_						
		Ball Skills	1) To develop rolling a ball to hit a	Sending: know that	Sending: roll, throw	Collect
			target.	stepping with opposite	and kick a ball to hit a	Release
			2) To develop stopping a rolling	foot to throwing arm will	target.	Receive
			ball.	help me to balance.	Catching: develop	Prepare
			3) To develop dribbling a ball with	Catching: know to use	catching a range of	Touch
			your feet.	wide fingers and pull the	objects with two	
			4) To develop kicking a ball.	ball in to my chest to	hands. Catch with and	
			5) To develop throwing and	help to securely catch.	without a bounce.	
			catching.	Tracking: know that it is	Tracking: consistently	
			6) To develop dribbling a ball with	easier to move towards a	track and collect a ball	
			your hands.	ball to track it than chase	being sent directly.	
				it.	Dribbling : explore	
				Dribbling : know to keep	dribbling with hands	
				my head up when	and feet with	
				dribbling to see	increasing control on	
				space/opponents.	the move.	
	2					
	Summer					
	Su					

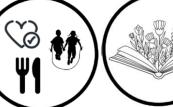


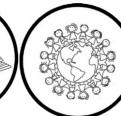


			Year 3		
	Dance	1) THEME: Machines	Actions: understand that	Actions: create actions in	canon
		To create actions in response to a	sharing ideas with others	response to a stimulus	explore
		stimulus and move in unison with a	enables my group to work	individually and in groups.	extend
		partner.	collaboratively and try ideas	Dynamics : use dynamics	feedback
		2) THEME: Machines	before deciding on the best	effectively to express an	formation
		To create actions to move in contact	actions for our dance.	idea.	interact
		with a partner or interact with a	Dynamics : understand that	Space : use direction to	
		partner.	all actions can be performed	transition between	
		3) THEME: Machines	differently to help to show	formations.	
		To select and link appropriate actions	effect.	Relationships: develop an	
		and dynamics to show our dance idea.	Space : understand that I can	understanding of	
		4) To remember, repeat and create	use space to help my dance	formations.	
		actions to represent an idea.	to flow.	Performance: perform	
		5) To share ideas of actions and	Relationships: understand	short, self-choreographed	
		dynamics to create a dance that shows	that 'formation' means the	phrases showing an	
		a location.	same in dance as in other	awareness of	
		6) To use choreographing ideas to	activities such as football,	timing.	
		develop our dance.	rugby and gymnastics.		
			Performance: understand		
			that I can use timing		
			techniques such as canon		
			and unison to create effect.		
1			Strategy : know that if I show		
Autumn			sensitivity to the music, my		
l tr			performance will look more		
Ā			complete		









	Fundamentals	1) To develop balance and apply it to	Running: understand that	Running: change direction.	co-ordination
		other fundamental movement skills.	leaning slightly forwards	Show an increase and	control
		2) To understand how the body moves	helps to increase speed	decrease in speed.	rhythm
		differently at different speeds.	(acceleration). Leaning my	Balancing: demonstrate	technique
		3) To develop technique when changing	body	balance when performing	agility
		speed.	in the opposite direction to	other fundamental skills.	
		4) To develop agility using a change of	travel helps to slow down	Jumping and hopping: link	
		speed and direction.	(deceleration). Understand	jumping and hopping	
		5) To develop technique and control	how agility helps us with	actions.	
		when jumping, hopping and landing.	everyday tasks.	Skipping : jump and turn a	
		6) To apply fundamental skills to a	Balancing: understand how	skipping rope.	
		variety of games.	balance helps us with		
			everyday tasks.		
			Jumping and hopping: know		
			that if I jump and land in		
			quick succession, momentum		
			will help me to jump		
			further.		
			Skipping: understand that I		
1 2			should turn the rope from		
l E			my wrists with wide hands to		
Autumn			create a gap to step		
Ā			through.		





Gymnastics	1) To be able to create interesting point	Shapes: understand how to	Shapes: explore matching	Body tension
	and patch balances.	use body tension to make my	and contrasting shapes.	Extend
	2) To develop point and patch balances	shapes look better.	Balances: explore point	Landing position
	on apparatus.	Balances: understand that I	and patch balances and	Point
	3) To develop stepping into shape	can make my balances look	transition smoothly into	Contrast
	jumps with control.	interesting by using different	and out of	Flow
	4) To develop stepping into shape	levels.	them.	Match
	jumps using apparatus.	Rolls: understand the safety	Rolls: develop the straight,	Patch
	5) To develop the straight, barrel, and	considerations when	barrel, and forward roll.	Take off
	forward roll.	performing more difficult	Jumps: develop stepping	
	6) To include rolls in sequence work	rolls.	into shape jumps with	
	using apparatus.	Jumps: understand that I can	control.	
		change the take off and		
		shape of my jumps to make		
		them look		
		interesting.		
		Strategy: know that if I use		
		different levels it will help to		
		make my sequence look		
		interesting.		





	Football	1) To develop the attacking skill of	Sending & receiving: know	Sending & receiving:	invasion
	. cotto	dribbling.	that pointing my	explore sending and	offside
		2) To develop changing direction and	hand/foot/stick to my target	receiving abiding by the	tackle
		speed when dribbling.	on release will help me to	rules of the game.	opposition
		3) To develop passing and begin to	send a ball	Dribbling : explore	pitch
		recognise when to use different skills.	accurately.	dribbling the ball abiding	court
		4) To apply attacking skills to move	Dribbling : know that	by the rules of the game	receiver
		towards a goal.	dribbling is an attacking skill	under some pressure.	referee
		5) To use defending skills to delay an	which helps us to move	Space: develop using	teamwork
		opponent and gain possession.	towards a goal or away from	space as a team.	tournament
		6) To apply skills and knowledge to	defenders.	Attacking: develop	control
		compete in a tournament.	Space: know that by	movement skills to lose a	umpire
			spreading out as a team we	defender. Explore shooting	onside
			move the defenders away	actions in a range of	technique
			from each other.	invasion games.	accurate
			Attacking and defending:	Defending: develop	communicate
			know my role as an attacker	tracking opponents to limit	intercept
			and defender.	their scoring	
			Tactics: know that using	opportunities.	
			simple tactics will help my		
			team to achieve an outcome		
			e.g. we will each mark a		
			player to		
2			help us to gain possession.		
ng n			Rules: know the rules of the		
Spring			game and begin to apply		
S			them.		





				<u> </u>	
	Athletics	1) To develop the sprinting technique	Running: understand that	Running: develop the	personal best
		and improve on your personal best.	leaning slightly forwards	sprinting technique and	technique
		2) To develop changeover technique in	helps to increase speed.	apply it to relay events.	relay
		relay events.	Leaning my body in the	Jumping: develop	baton
		3) To develop jumping technique in a	opposite direction to travel	technique when jumping	power
		range of approaches and take off	helps to slow down.	for distance in a range of	speed
		positions.	Jumping: know that if I jump	approaches and take off	event
		4) To develop throwing for distance and	and land in quick succession,	positions.	accuracy
		accuracy.	the momentum will help me	Throwing: explore the	strength
		5) To develop throwing for distance in a	to jump further.	technique for a pull throw.	
		pull throw.	Throwing: understand that		
		6) To develop officiating and	the speed of the movement		
1		performing skills.	helps to create power.		
Summer			Rules: know the rules of the		
μ			event and begin to apply		
Su			them.		





	T				T
	Cricket	1) To learn how to score points in a	Striking: know that striking	Striking : begin to strike a	caught out
		striking and fielding game.	to space away from fielders	bowled ball after a bounce	grip
		2) To develop batting to score points.	will help me to score.	with different equipment.	no ball
		3) To develop fielding skills to limit the	Fielding: know to look at	Fielding: explore bowling	run out
		batter's score.	where a batter is before	to a target and fielding	short barrier
		4) To understand the role of a bowler.	deciding what to do. Know to	skills to include a two-	strike
		5) To develop my understanding of	communicate with	handed pick up.	technique
		tactics and begin to use them.	teammates before throwing	Throwing: use overarm	tournament
		6) To apply skills and knowledge to play	them a ball.	and underarm throwing in	umpire
		games using cricket rules.	Throwing: know that	game situations.	accuracy
			overarm throwing is used for	Catching: catch with some	wicket
			long distances and underarm	consistency in game	
			throwing for shorter	situations.	
			distances.		
			Catching: know to move my		
			feet to the ball.		
			Tactics: know that using		
			simple tactics will help my		
			team to achieve an outcome		
			e.g. we will spread out to		
			deny space.		
			Rules: know the rules of the		
			game and begin to apply		
7 2			them.		
Summer					
lm.					
Su					





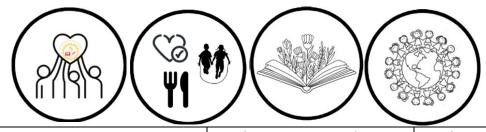
Year 4						
Gymnastics	1) To develop individual and partner	Shapes: understand how	Shapes : develop the range	bridge		
	balances.	shapes can be used to	of shapes I use in my	fluidly		
	2) To develop individual and partner	improve my sequence.	sequences.	inverted		
	balances using apparatus.	Inverted movements: know	Inverted movements:	momentum		
	3) To develop control in performing and	that inverted movements are	develop strength in bridge	perform		
	landing rotation jumps.	actions in which my hips go	and shoulder stand.	rotation		
	4) To develop rotation jumps and	above my head.	Balances: develop control	shoulder stand		
	sequence building using apparatus .	Balances: know how to keep	and fluency in individual	stability		
	5) To develop the straight, barrel,	myself and others safe when	and partner balances.	wrist grip		
	forward and straddle roll.	performing partner balances.	Rolls: develop the straight,			
	6) To assess my straight, barrel, forward	Rolls: understand that I can	barrel, forward and			
	and straddle roll.	keep the shape of my roll	straddle roll and perform			
		using body tension.	them with			
		Jumps: know that I can	increased control.			
		control my landing-by-	Jumps: develop control in			
		landing toes first, looking	performing and landing			
		forwards and bending my	rotation jumps.			
		knees.				
		Strategy: know that if I use				
		different directions it will				
		help to make my sequence				
		look interesting.				





				<u> </u>	1.
Dodge	eball	1) To develop throwing and apply this	Throwing: know that one	Throwing: throw with	decision
		to a target game.	handed throws are used for	increasing accuracy at a	cushion
		2) To develop dodging skills to avoid	speed and accuracy. Know	target.	avoid
		being hit.	that keeping	Catching (dodgeball):	adjust
		3) To develop catching and learn the	my elbow high and stepping	catch with increasing	relaxed
		rules of the skill within this game.	with my opposite foot will	consistency.	support
		4) To further develop catching and use	help to increase the power.	Striking: strike a ball with	
		the rules of the skill within this game.	Catching (dodgeball): know	increasing consistency.	
		5) To begin to think tactically and apply	that moving my feet to a ball		
		this to a game.	and pulling it in to my chest		
		6) To apply skills and knowledge to	will help		
		compete in a tournament.	me to catch more		
			consistently.		
			Striking: know that using a		
			smooth action will help to		
			increase accuracy.		
			Tactics: know that applying		
			attacking tactics will help me		
			to score points and get		
			opponents out.		
			Know that applying		
			defending tactics will help		
7			me to stay in the game.		
u u			Rules: know and understand		
Autumn			the rules to be able to		
Ψ			manage our own game.		





_				
	\sim	۱t۲	วล	11
	Ju	, LL	Ja	

Tag Rugby (as of 2024/5)

Football:

- 1) To develop the attacking skill of dribbling.
- 2) To develop changing direction and speed when dribbling.
- 3) To develop passing and begin to recognise when to use different skills.
- 4) To apply attacking skills to move towards a goal.
- 5) To use defending skills to delay an opponent and gain possession.
- 6) To apply skills and knowledge to compete in a tournament.

Tag Rugby (as of 24/25)

- 1) To develop throwing, catching and running with the ball.
- 2) To develop an understanding of how to defend using tagging rules.
- 3) To begin to use the 'forward pass' and 'offside' rule.
- 4) To develop movement skills to dodge a defender.
- 5) To track an opponent and begin to defend as a team.
- 6) To apply the rules and skills you have learnt and play in a tag rugby tournament.

Sending & receiving: know that cushioning a ball will help me to control it when receiving it.

Dribbling: know that protecting the ball as I dribble will help me to maintain possession.

Space: know that moving into space will help my team keep possession and score goals.

Attacking: recognise when to pass and when to shoot.

Defending: know when to mark and when to attempt to win the ball.

Tactics: know that applying attacking tactics will help to maintain possession and score goals. Know that applying defending tactics will help to deny space, gain possession and stop goals.

Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game. Sending & receiving: develop passing techniques appropriate to the game with increasing success.

Catch a ball using one and two hands and receive a ball with feet/object with increasing success.

Dribbling: link dribbling the ball with other actions and change direction whilst dribbling with some control.

Space: develop moving into space to help my team.

Attacking: change direction to lose an opponent with some success.

Defending: develop defending one on one and begin to intercept.

pressure
delay
gain
protect
obstruct
option
cushion
opposing
momentum
supporting
accelerate
decision
limit
deny

Spring 1





		<u> </u>			
	Dance	1) THEME: The Spy	Actions: understand that	Actions: respond	action and
		To copy and create actions in response	some actions are better	imaginatively to a range of	reaction
		to an idea and be able to adapt this	suited to a certain character,	stimuli related to character	flow order
		using changes of space.	mood or idea than others.	and narrative.	performance
		2) THEME: The Spy	Dynamics : understand that	Dynamics : change	phrase
		To choose actions which relate to the	some dynamics are better	dynamics confidently	relationship
		theme.	suited to a certain character,	within a performance to	represent
		3) THEME: The Spy	mood or idea than others.	express changes in	rhythm
		To develop a dance using matching and	Space : understand that space	character.	structure
		mirroring.	can be used to express a	Space: confidently use	
		4) THEME: Carnival	certain character, mood or	changes in level, direction	
		To learn and create dance moves in the	idea.	and pathway.	
		theme of carnival.	Relationships: understand	Relationships: use action	
		5) THEME: Carnival	that some relationships are	and reaction to represent	
		To develop a carnival dance using	better suited to a certain	an idea.	
		formations, canon and unison.	character, mood or idea than	Performance: perform	
		6) THEME: Carnival	others.	complex dances that	
		To develop a dance phrase and perform	Performance: know that	communicate narrative	
		as part of a class performance.	being aware of other	and character well,	
			performers in my group will	performing	
			help us to move in time.	clearly and fluently.	
,	N		Strategy: know that I can		
			select from a range of dance		
	20 10 10 10		techniques to translate my		
(n		idea.		





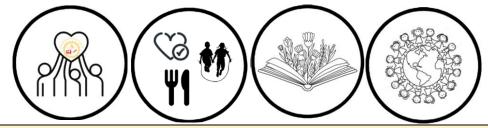
	Rounders	1) To develop throwing and catching	Striking: know that using the	Striking: develop batting	Decision
		with accuracy and apply these to a	centre of the bat will provide	technique with a range of	Pressure
		striking and fielding game.	the most control and	equipment.	Limit
		2) To develop bowling and learn the	accuracy.	Fielding: develop bowling	Cushion
		rules of the skill within this game.	Fielding: know that it easier	with some consistency,	Momentum
		3) To develop batting technique and	to field a ball that is coming	abiding by the rules	Retrieve
		understand where to hit the ball.	towards me rather than away	of the game.	Compete
		4) To develop fielding techniques and	so set up accordingly.	Throwing: use overarm	
		apply them to game situations.	Throwing: understand that	and underarm throwing	
		5) To play different roles in a game and	being balanced before	with increased consistency	
		begin to think tactically about each	throwing will help to improve	in game situations.	
		role.	the accuracy of the throw.	Catching: begin to catch	
		6) To apply skills and knowledge to	Catching: know to track the	with one and two hands	
		compete in a tournament.	ball as it is thrown to help to	with some consistency in	
			improve the consistency of	game situations.	
			catching.		
			Tactics: know that applying		
			attacking tactics will help to		
			score points and avoid		
			getting out. Know that		
			applying defending tactics		
			will help to deny space, get		
			opponents out and limit		
7			points.		
ne			Rules: know and understand		
Summer			the rules to be able to		
Sı			manage our own game.		





Athl	etics	1) To develop stamina and an	Running: understand that I	Running: develop an	Stamina
		understanding of speed and pace in	need to pace myself when	understanding of speed	Stride
		relation to distance.	running further or for a long	and pace in relation to	Measure
		2) To develop power and speed in the	period of time. Understand	distance. Develop power	Launch
		sprinting technique.	that a high knee drive,	and speed in the sprinting	Officiate
		3) To develop technique when jumping	pumping my arms and	technique.	Pace
		for distance.	running on the balls of my	Jumping: develop	Transfer of weight
		4) To develop power and technique	feet gives me power.	technique when jumping	Official
		when throwing for distance.	Jumping: understand that	for distance.	Record
		5) To develop a pull throw for distance	transferring weight will help	Throwing: explore power	
		and accuracy.	me to jump further.	and technique when	
		6) To develop officiating and	Throwing: understand that	throwing for distance in a	
		performing skills.	transferring weight will help	pull and heave throw.	
			me to throw further.		
			Rules: know and understand		
			the rules to be able to		
			manage our own events.		





١	e'	a	r	5

	Year 5							
	Dance	1) THEME: Dance by Chance	Actions: understand that	Actions: choreograph	choreograph			
		To create a dance using a random	different dance styles utilise	dances by using, adapting	choreography			
		structure and perform the actions	selected actions to develop	and developing actions	collaboratively			
		showing quality and control.	sequences in a specific	and steps from	genre			
		2) THEME: Dance by Chance	style.	different dance styles.	motif			
		To understand how changing dynamics	Dynamics : understand that	Dynamics : confidently use	posture			
		changes the appearance of the	different dance styles utilise	dynamics to express	quality			
		performance.	selected dynamics to express	different dance styles.	transition			
		3) THEME: Dance by Chance	mood.	Space: confidently use				
		To understand and use relationships	Space : understand that space	direction and patterning to				
		and space to change how a	relates to where my body	express different dance				
		performance looks.	moves both on the floor and	styles.				
		4) THEME: Rock 'n' Roll	in the air.	Relationships: confidently				
		To copy and repeat movements in the	Relationships: understand	use formations, canon and				
		style of rock 'n' roll.	that different dance styles	unison to express a dance				
		5) THEME: Rock 'n' Roll	utilise selected relationships	idea.				
		To work with a partner to copy and	to express mood.	Performance: perform				
		repeat actions in time with the music.	Performance: understand	dances expressively, using				
		6) THEME: Rock 'n' Roll	what makes a performance	a range of performance				
		To work collaboratively with a group to	effective and know how to	skills, showing				
		choreograph a dance in the style of	apply these principles to	accuracy and fluency.				
		Rock 'n' Roll.	my own and others' work.					
1			Strategy: know that if I use					
Autumn			dance principles it will help					
utu			me to express an atmosphere					
Ā			or mood.					





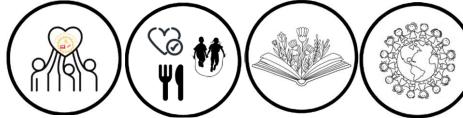
Dodgeball	1) To develop throwing skills and apply	Throwing: know to aim low	Throwing: demonstrate	angle
	them appropriately to the situation.	to make it difficult for an	clear technique and	fake
	2) To develop dodging skills and apply	opponent to catch.	accuracy when throwing at	force officiate
	them appropriately to the situation.	Catching (dodgeball): know	a target.	par
	3) To develop catching skills and apply	to stay towards the back of	Catching (dodgeball):	situation
	them appropriately to the situation.	the court area to give me	demonstrate good	align
	4) To develop blocking skills and apply	more time to	technique and consistency	stance
	them appropriately to the situation.	catch.	in catching	
	5) To understand the need for tactics	Striking: know that aligning	skills.	
	and identify how to create and use	my body and equipment	Striking: develop a wider	
	them.	before striking will help me	range of striking	
	6) To apply rules, skills and tactics when	to be balanced.	techniques and begin to	
	playing in a tournament.	Tactics: understand the need	use them under	
		for tactics and identify when	pressure.	
		to use them in different		
		situations.		
		Rules: understand and apply		
		rules in a variety of target		
		games whilst playing and		
		officiating.		





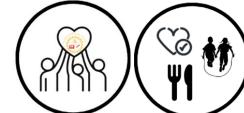
	Gymnastics	1) To perform symmetrical and	Shapes: understand that	Shapes: perform shapes	mirroring
		asymmetrical balances.	shapes underpin all other	consistently and fluently	observe quality
		2) To perform interesting symmetrical	skills.	linked with other	performance
		and asymmetrical balances using	Inverted movements:	gymnastic actions.	stable
		apparatus.	understand that sometimes I	Inverted movements:	symmetrical
		3) To develop the straight, forward,	need to move slowly to gain	explore progressions of a	synchronisation
		straddle and backward roll.	control and other	cartwheel.	transition
		4) To develop the straight, forward,	times I need to move quickly	Balances: explore	
		straddle and backwards roll into a	to build momentum.	symmetrical and	identify
		sequence.	Balances: understand how to	asymmetrical balances.	extension
		5) To explore different travelling actions	use contrasting balances to	Rolls: develop control in	decide
		using both canon and synchronisation.	make my sequences look	the straight, barrel,	cartwheel
		6) To explore different methods of	interesting.	forward, straddle and	asymmetrical
		travelling, linking actions in both canon	Rolls: understand that I need	backward roll.	
		and synchronisation.	to work within my own	Jumps: select a range of	
			capabilities and this may be	jumps to include in	
			different to others.	sequence work.	
			Jumps: understand that I can		
			use jumps to link actions and		
			changing the shape of these		
			will make my		
			sequence look interesting.		
\vdash			Strategy: know that if I use		
)g 1			different pathways it will help		
Spring			to make my sequence look		
S			interesting.		



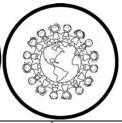


	Swimming	1) To develop gliding, front crawl and	Strokes: understand that	Strokes: demonstrate	inhale
		backstroke.	pulling harder through the	increased technique in a	exhale
		2) To develop rotation, sculling and	water will enable me to	range of stokes, swimming	flutter kick
		treading water.	travel the distance in fewer	over a distance of 25m.	outstretched
		3) To develop the front crawl stroke	strokes and travel faster.	Breathing: explore	personal best
		and breathing technique.	Breathing: know that	underwater breaststroke	retrieve
		4) To develop the technique for	breathing every three strokes	breathing technique over a	somersault
		backstroke arms and legs.	helps to balance my stroke	distance of	synchronise
		5) To develop breaststroke technique.	and	25m.	continuously
		6) To develop breaststroke technique.	allows me to practise	Water safety: explore	dolphin kick
		7) To develop breaststroke and	breathing on both sides.	safety techniques to	endurance
		breathing technique.	Water safety: know that a	include the H.E.L.P and	
		8) To develop basic skills of water	group of people can huddle	huddle positions.	
		safety and floating.	together to conserve body		
			heat, support each other and		
2			provide a larger target for		
			rescuers.		
Spring			Rules: understand rules in		
S			and around water.		









	ı				I
	Cricket	1) To develop throwing and catching	Striking: understand that	Striking: explore defensive	close-catch
		skills and apply them relevantly to the	stance is important to allow	and driving hitting	long barrier
		situation.	me to be balanced as I hit.	techniques and directional	stance
		2) To develop bowling accuracy and	Fielding: know that backing	batting.	deep catch
		perform the skill within the rules of the	up a fielder as a ball is being	Fielding: develop over and	situation
		game.	thrown will help to increase	underarm bowling	backing-up
		3) To develop batting skills, identify	the chances of fielding	technique. Develop long	
		when I am successful and what I need	successfully.	and short barrier and	
		to do to improve.	Throwing: understand where	two handed pick up.	
		4) To develop fielding techniques and	to throw the ball in relation	Throwing: demonstrate	
		begin to use these under some	to where a batter is.	good technique when	
		pressure.	Catching: understand when	using a variety of throws	
		5) To understand the need for tactics	to use a close catch	under pressure.	
		and identify when to use them.	technique or deep catch	Catching: explore catching	
		6) To apply skills and knowledge to	technique.	skills (close/deep and	
		compete in a tournament. Using tactics	Tactics: understand the need	wicket keeping) and apply	
		identified throughout the unit.	for tactics and identify when	these with some	
		_	to use them in different	consistency in game	
			situations.	situations.	
⊢			Rules: understand and apply		
Summer			rules in a variety of striking		
E L			and fielding games whilst		
Su			playing and officiating.		





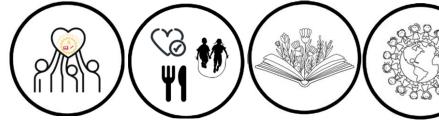
	T				<u></u>
	Athletics	1) To understand pace and apply	Running: understand that	Running: apply fluency	consistent
		different speeds over varying distances.	taking big consistent strides	and co-ordination when	approach
		2) To develop fluency and co-ordination	will help to create a rhythm	running for speed in relay	dominant
		when running for speed.	that allows me to run faster.	changeovers. Effectively	force
		3) To develop technique in relay	Understand that keeping a	apply speeds appropriate	changeover
		changeovers.	steady breath will help me	for the event.	momentum
		4) To build momentum and power in	when running longer	Jumping: explore	shot put
		the triple jump.	distances.	technique and rhythm in	track
		5) To develop throwing with force for	Jumping: know that if I drive	the triple jump.	drive
		longer distances.	my knees high and fast I can	Throwing: Develop	field
		6) To develop throwing with greater	build power and therefore	technique and power in	javelin
		control and technique.	distance in my jumps.	javelin and shot put.	
			Throwing: know how to		
			transfer my weight in		
			different throws to increase		
			the distance.		
			Rules: understand and apply		
			rules in a variety of events		
			using official equipment.		
, 5					
ner					
Summer					
Su					





	Year 6						
	Dodgeball	1) To throw under pressure and apply	Throwing: know who to	Throwing: throw with	anticipate		
		this to a target game.	throw at and when to throw	increasing control under	collaborate		
		2) To select the appropriate dodging	in order to get opponents	pressure.	abide assess		
		skill for the situation.	out.	Catching (dodgeball):	trajectory		
		3) To develop catching with increasing	Catching (dodgeball): know	catch with increasing	appropriate		
		consistency under pressure.	that I need to make quick	control under pressure.			
		4) To develop defensive techniques and	decisions on if to catch or if	Striking: use a variety of			
		select the appropriate action for the	to dodge the	striking techniques with			
		situation.	ball.	control and under			
		5) To understand and apply tactics in a	Striking: know which skill to	pressure.			
		game.	select for the situation.				
		6) To develop officiating skills and	Tactics: know how to create				
		referee a game.	and apply a tactic for a				
			specific situation or outcome.				
			Rules: understand, apply and				
H			use rules consistently in a				
ШШ			variety of target games whilst				
Autumn			playing and				
A			officiating.				





	T				1
	Athletics	1) To develop my own and others	Running: understand that I	Running: demonstrate a	strategy
		sprinting technique.	need to prepare my body for	clear understanding of	rhythm
		2) To identify a suitable pace for the	running and know the	pace and use it to develop	pattern
		event.	muscle groups I will need to	their own and others	phase
		3) To develop power, control and	use.	sprinting technique.	grip
		technique for the triple jump.	Jumping: understand that a	Jumping: develop power,	fling
		4) To develop power, control and	run up builds speed and	control and technique in	stance
		technique when throwing for distance.	power and enables me to	the triple jump.	release
		5) To develop throwing with force and	jump further.	Throwing: develop power,	meet
		accuracy for longer distances.	Throwing: understand that I	control and technique	explosive
		6) To work collaboratively in a team to	need to prepare my body for	when throwing discus and	discus
		develop the officiating skills of	throwing and know the	shot put.	
		measuring, timing and recording.	muscle groups I will need to		
7			use.		
mn			Rules: understand and apply		
Autumn			rules in events that pose an		
Ā			increased risk.		





	Football	1) To maintain possession when	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	turnover
		dribbling.	understand and make quick	sending and receiving	dictate
		2) To dribble with control under	decisions about when, how	consistently using a range	transition
		pressure.	and who to pass to.	of techniques with	contest draw
		3) To select the appropriate skill,	Dribbling : choose the	increasing control under	abide
		choosing when to pass and when to	appropriate skill for the	pressure.	appropriate
		dribble.	situation under pressure e.g.	Dribbling: dribble	assess
		4) To move into and create space to	a V dribble in basketball to	consistently using a range	consecutive
		support a teammate.	keep the ball away from a	of techniques with	ball side
		5) To use the appropriate defensive	defender.	increasing control under	
		technique for the situation.	Space: understand that	pressure.	
		6) To apply rules, skills and principles to	transitioning quickly between	Space : move to the correct	
		play in a tournament.	attack and defence will help	space when transitioning	
			my team to maintain or	from attack to defence or	
			gain possession.	defence to attack	
			Tactics: know how to create	and create and use space	
			and apply a tactic for a	for self and others.	
			specific situation or outcome.	Attacking: confidently	
			Rules: understand, apply and	change direction to lose an	
			use rules consistently in a	opponent	
			variety of invasion games	Defending : use a variety of	
g 1			whilst playing and	defending skills (tracking,	
Spring			officiating.	interception, jockeying) in	
Sp				game situations.	





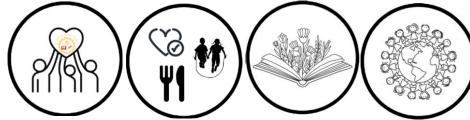
	Gymnastics	1) To develop the straddle, forward and	Shapes : know which shapes	Shapes: combine and	engage
		backward roll.	to use for each skill.	perform gymnastic shapes	execution
		2) To develop rolling into sequence	Inverted movements:	more fluently and	flight formation
		work and on apparatus.	understand that spreading	effectively.	handstand
		3) To develop counterbalance and	my weight across a base of	Inverted movements:	progression
		counter tension.	support will help me to	develop control in	refine
		4) To develop counterbalance and	balance.	progressions of a	structure
		counter tension into sequence work	Balances: know where and	cartwheel bridge and	vault
		with apparatus.	when to apply force to	shoulder stand	counter balance
		5) To develop jumps and explore the	maintain control and	Balances: explore counter	counter tension
		effect of height.	balance.	balance and counter	contrasting
		6) To explore jump sequence work with	Rolls: understand that I can	tension.	aesthetics
		consideration of performance tools.	use momentum to help me	Rolls: develop fluency and	competent
			to roll and where that	consistency in the	
			momentum comes from.	straddle, forward and	
			Jumps: understand that	backward roll.	
			taking off from two feet will	Jumps: combine and	
			give me more height and	perform a range of	
			therefore more time in the	gymnastic jumps more	
			air.	fluently and effectively.	
2			Strategy: know that if I use		
			changes in formation it will		
Spring			help to make my sequence		
S			look interesting.		





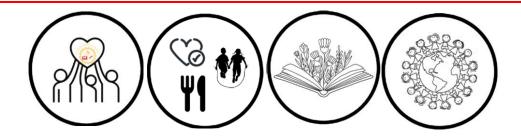
	•				
	Dance	1) THEME: Stamp, Clap	Actions: understand that	Actions: show controlled	aesthetic
		To copy and repeat a dance phrase	actions can be improved with	movements which express	freeze frame
		showing confidence in movements.	consideration to extension,	emotion and feeling.	mood
		2) THEME: Stamp, Clap	shape and recognition of	Dynamics : explore,	inspiration
		To work with others to explore and	intent.	improvise and combine	style
		develop the dance idea.	Dynamics : understand that	dynamics to express ideas	rehearse
		3) THEME: Stamp, Clap	selecting a variety of	fluently and effectively on	express refine
		To use changes in dynamics in response	dynamics in my performance	my own, with a partner or	stimulus
		to the stimulus.	can help to take the audience	in a small group.	
		4) THEME: Bhangra	on a journey through my	Space and relationships:	
		To demonstrate a sense of rhythm and	dance idea.	use a variety of	
		energy when performing bhangra style	Space and relationships:	compositional principles	
		motifs.	know that combining space	when creating my own	
		5) THEME: Bhangra	and relationships with a prop	dances.	
		To perform a bhangra dance, showing	can help me to express my	Performance:	
		an awareness of timing, formations and	dance idea.	demonstrate a clear	
		direction.	Performance: understand	understanding of timing in	
		6) THEME: Bhangra	how a leader can ensure our	relation to the music and	
		To select, order, structure and perform	dance group performs	other	
		movements in a bhangra style, showing	together.	dancers throughout my	
		various group formations.	Strategy : know that if I keep	performance.	
			in character throughout, it		
r 1			will help me to express an		
me			atmosphere or mood that		
Summer			can be interpreted by the		
Sı			audience.		





_	_				T
	Rounders	1) To develop throwing and catching	Striking: understand that the	Striking: strike a bowled	abide
		under pressure and apply these to a	momentum and power for	ball with increasing	assess
		striking and fielding game.	striking a ball comes from	accuracy and consistency.	consistently
		2) To develop bowling under pressure	legs as well as arms.	Fielding: use a wider range	collaborate
		whilst abiding by the rules of the game.	Fielding: know which fielding	of fielding skills with	appropriate
		3) To strike a bowled ball with	action to apply for the	increasing control under	consecutive
		increasing consistency.	situation.	pressure.	
		4) To develop fielding techniques and	Throwing and catching:	Throwing: consistently	
		select the appropriate action for the	consistently make good	demonstrate good	
		situation.	decisions on who to throw to	technique in throwing	
		5) To understand and apply tactics in a	and when to throw in order	skills under pressure.	
		game.	to get batters out. Know that	Catching: consistently	
		6) To apply skills and knowledge to	accuracy, speed and	demonstrate good	
		compete in a tournament.	consistency of throwing and	technique in catching skills	
			catching will help to limit a	under pressure.	
			batter's score.		
			Tactics: understand and		
			apply some tactics in the		
			game as a batter, bowler and		
			fielder.		
			Rules: understand, apply and		
, 5			use rules consistently in a		
neı			variety of striking and		
Summer			fielding games whilst playing		
Sı			and officiating.		





Diversity in our PE curriculum

Gender equity: Our curriculum avoids reinforcing gender stereotypes by offering opportunities for boys and girls to participate in a wide range of sports and activities.

Inclusive imagery: Our 'Get Set 4 PE' curriculum uses inclusive language and imagery to reflect diversity in terms of race, ethnicity, gender, ability and body size.

Adapted activities: Our curriculum offers guidance on teaching lessons to children with SEND, including ASD, behaviour, disability, SEMH (Social Emotional and Mental Health) and SLCN (Speech and Language Communication Need).

Year 1 Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).

Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).

Year 4

Wheelchair basketball

Year 2

Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).

odoks).

Year 1

Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).

Year 5

Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).

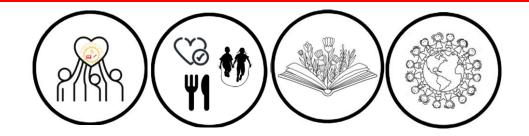
Wheelchair basketball

Year 6

Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).

Wheelchair basketball





Local links

G powyacopxo o &	\$ % Ductors Wood	Part Control of the C	(21.02016 R202016	Resease Adjusts Subming Cerbs	
<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).	Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).	Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).	Assembly with Ollie Hynd (local Paralympian – gold medalist) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).	Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).	Assembly with Ollie Hynd (Paralympian) and Tom Palmer (author of various sports books).
Whole school ramble at Oxclose Woods to promote healthy, active lifestyles.	Whole school ramble at Oxclose Woods to promote healthy, active lifestyles.	Whole school ramble at Oxclose Woods to promote healthy, active lifestyles. Royal Ballet School Lessons	Whole school ramble at Oxclose Woods to promote healthy, active lifestyles. GLOW Day (spring) walk to Pleasley Vale	Whole school ramble at Oxclose Woods to promote healthy, active lifestyles. Swimming at Rebecca Adlington's Swimming Centre.	Whole school ramble at Oxclose Woods to promote healthy, active lifestyles. Trip to Trent Bridge during Sports Week.





Reading at the heart of the curriculum

We read these texts for pleasure across Key Stage 1 and 2. We also have access to other books in our classroom book corners to develop our knowledge and understanding of PE, including resilience, co-operation, fairness and respect.

















